

Finding the Crop Protection Sweet Spot

Understanding climate factors for disease risk in specialty export crops lowers the need for inputs and builds customer trust.

The logo for Ag Innovatech, featuring the word "Ag" in green with a signal icon above it, followed by "Innovatech" in black, all within a white rounded rectangle.

Ag Innovatech

THE CUSTOMER

AGInnovaTech, a division of AgroInnova, consults on crop protection in bananas, pineapples, sugarcane, coffee, and other specialty crops in the Central American and Caribbean regions.

The logo for ARABLE, featuring an orange stylized 'A' icon followed by the word "ARABLE" in black, all within a white rounded rectangle.

ARABLE

THE DEPLOYMENT

30 devices | Costa Rica | 2020-2021

KEY TAKEAWAYS

- Costa Rican crop protection consultancy with a unique business model uses Arable to maintain export quality and build customer loyalty.
- Strict regulations, climate volatility, and scarce local data access demand an accurate and reliable infield solution to make sound recommendations.
- A data-driven, personalized approach resulted in 10-15% reduction in spray, lowering grower costs and environmental impact while improving customer relations.



AGInnovaTech has operations in specialty export crops like bananas, pineapple, and sugarcane, across the Central American and Caribbean region.

The Customer

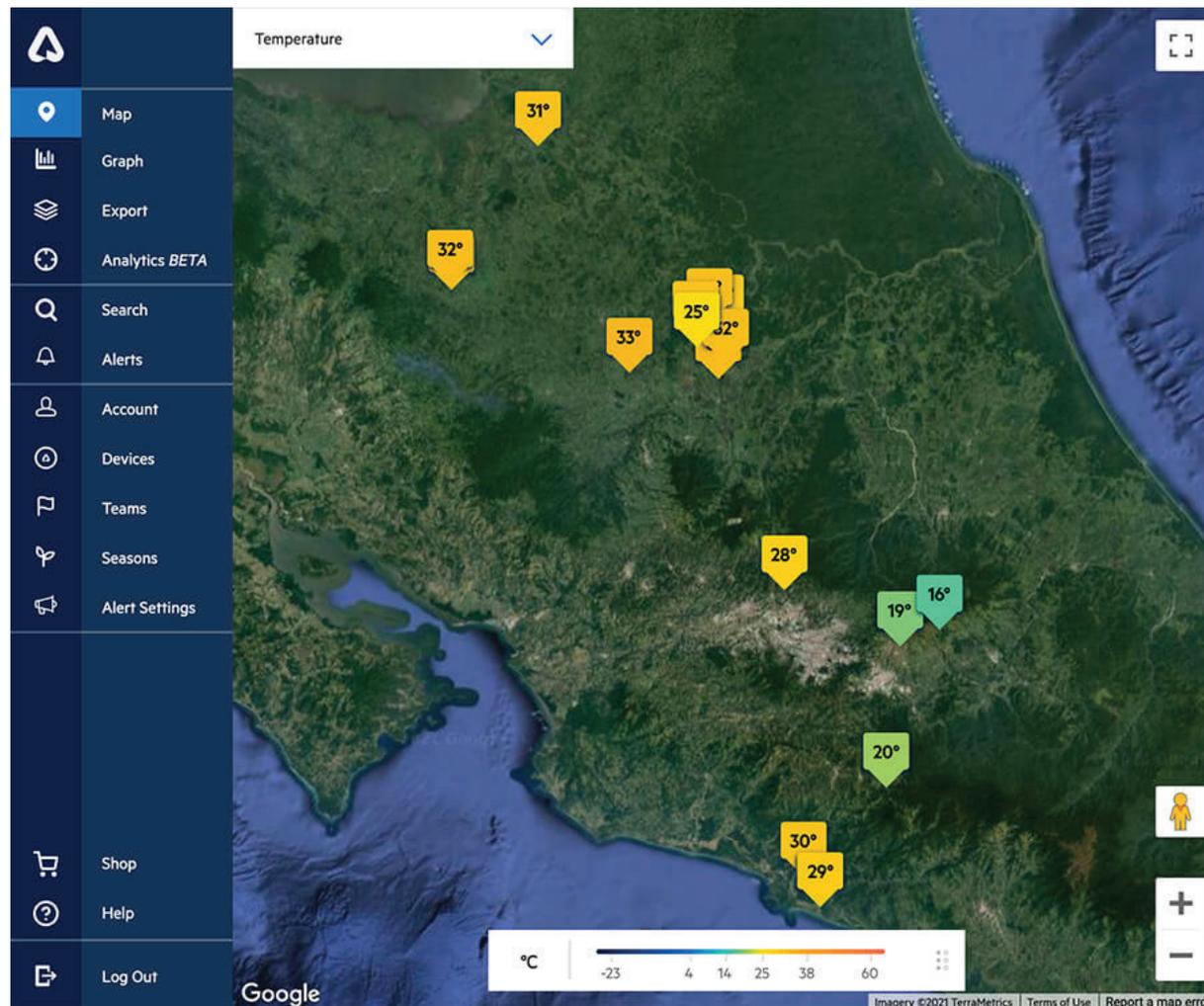
AGInnovaTech is the consulting arm of AgroInnova, the decade-old, Costa Rica-based seller of fertilizers and inputs for crop disease prevention. AGInnovaTech provides recommendations to about 100 growers on foliar and soil nutrition programs, with a focus on fertigation liquids. Beyond the main Costa Rican export crops of bananas & pineapples—generally produced on large farms—and coffee beans—generally produced by smallholder farmers—AgInnovaTech consults mainly on sugarcane, as well as specialty vegetables, melons, plantains, mangoes, and rice. They have operations along the Pacific and Caribbean coasts, as well as in other Latin American and Caribbean countries.



The Deployment

AgroInnova CEO Adolfo Meneses first met Arable in 2017, and soon tested an early generation Mark device in his field. He saw potential in the data for crop protection recommendations, but wasn't sure exactly how it would all come together for his business. He kept the device, and checked on it as the seasons progressed, slowly forming a

project in the back of his mind. In late 2020, after reading about Arable's partnership with Argentinian agtech consultants Caburé, he had a vision for how to replicate their success in Central America. He deployed 30 Arable Mark 2 devices across Costa Rica to begin collecting data.



AgroInnova deployments in Costa Rica, showing temperature fluctuations across the country's highly variable geography.



The Challenge

Sigatoka disease in bananas and Fusarium in pineapples are two major diseases that attack large-scale farms in Costa Rica. The Costa Rican government regulates how many times in a season growers can spray, and agtech consultants like AGInnovaTech need to be able to optimize spray timing in order to maintain yield under these regulations. Import countries have their own certifications and regulations as well, which have to be both met and reported on. The conventional method of crop protection often involves some degree of “spray and pray,” which translates into the kind of overspraying that pours money and excessive chemicals into delicate ecosystems and waterways, damaging soil and reducing ecosystem services.

Going against the grain to change this mindset requires stalwart dedication and years of building trust, reflected in AgInnovaTech’s strategic business model, centered around customer fidelity, trading off short-term gains with an eye towards longer-term returns. In order to offset lower initial revenue with high customer retention, they need access to the most accurate and reliable data available in order to prove early that they are the best choice for their customers.

On top of this, recent years have seen more climate volatility, especially in tropical regions like Costa Rica, which affects the flavor and outcome of high-value crops exported across the world. Past data providers have not had a deep presence in Latin America, and have not engaged as deeply with AGInnovaTech as they would like to co-develop business tools.



The Goal

AGInnovaTech, as the technology management subsidiary of AgroInnova, wants to help their customers spray more effectively, reduce end user costs, lower the environmental toll of crop protection, and maximize the company's thin profit margins. "If you can use Arable to monitor the plant data, you can make better decisions on when to apply and when not to apply," says Meneses. "If you can use data to extend each interval between flyovers by an extra two weeks, you will spend less money for the same crop outcome."

In the future, AgInnovaTech is working towards being able to estimate their customers' productivity and be able to forecast yields. Each of these goals must be reached from a foundation of customer trust. They want to nurture a relationship with a data supplier who is invested in a long-term partnership, building business tools hand-in-hand with them.



“Arable helped the producer understand the product’s efficiency and make better decisions.”

**YHENER UMAÑA
COMMERCIAL TECHNICAL
LEADER, AGINNOVATECH**

Yhener Umaña is AGInnovaTech's commercial technical leader, who works closely with Arable to plan deployments and custom analytics.



The Strategy

AGInnovaTech's focus is on disease risk management in crop protection spray application in the larger fields of banana, pineapple, and sugarcane. In general they deploy one Arable Mark 2 device per customer's field; Costa Rican agriculture runs year-round, with two seasons: summer and rainy. The weather forecasts they use most include precipitation, wind speed, wind direction, and relative humidity. Observed trends include leaf wetness, NDVI, chlorophyll index, and growth stages. They combine these metrics with their extensive knowledge of diseases like sigatoka, Fusarium, and roya (in coffee) to determine the best spray windows for a given disease, in a specific crop, at a particular phase, in a certain location. Having a bird's-eye view of real-time data across locations streamlines the time they spend with each customer, and lowers operational and maintenance costs.

Additionally, in sugarcane, they closely monitor the canopy growth to determine when best to spray an herbicide to bring on weed die-down and keep the sugarcane thriving. In pineapples, they use weather alerts to monitor nighttime temperatures in the fields during three critical months (October, November, December) to mitigate damage from abnormally low temperatures at night, since cold weather makes the fruit unpalatable. Spotting these trends early helps AGInnovaTech recommend preventive measures faster and more reliably.

In one industrial sugarcane field in northern Costa Rica, AGInnovaTech's commercial technical leader, Yhener Umaña, decided to test the effect of magnesium levels in soil amendments. Magnesium is the central element found in chlorophyll, which is critical for photosynthesis to



occur. Higher chlorophyll levels would indicate a greater ability to produce biomass, the goal of industrial sugarcane production.

He placed two Mark devices in one field; in one hectare of the field, he applied dolomite lime, and in another, calcium carbonate. He monitored the chlorophyll index and NDVI weekly with the Arable app to see if he could detect any differences, and what they might be, in order to inform input strategies.

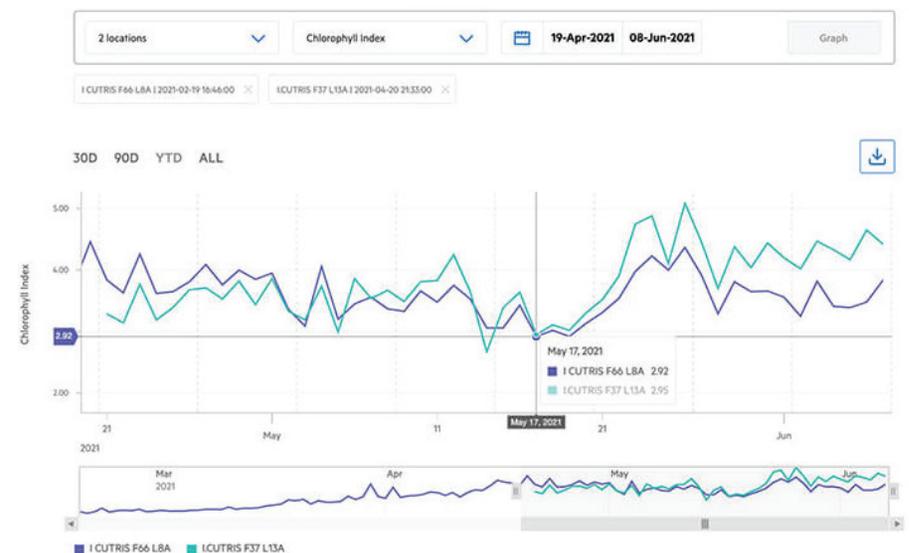
These types of highly specialized analyses are what give AGInnovaTech an edge over their competitors; they aren't making recommendations based solely on models, generalizations, and past experience. They are using data direct from the very field they are managing. Through alerts and team management features, they control who sees data from the various locations, and compare different customers' data to benchmark regional trends and anomalies.

Beyond using weather data that is more accurate than remote-sensed and easier to access than manual scouting, being able to show a customer what is happening in their field in real time raises AGInnovaTech's profile as a high-touch service provider who is an expert in their customers' particular circumstances. This engenders the kind of loyalty that brings greater long-term returns and helps them foster change on the ground, educating growers on best practices on very personal terms.

The Results

At the end of a 5-week assessment period, Arable's data showed highly detailed chlorophyll and NDVI curves that indicated a clear inflection point and difference between the dolomite lime field and the calcium carbonate field. The data showed that the dolomite lime application led to a faster reaction that stabilized with 5.5% higher chlorophyll content for the period, translating to a more robust plant with an increase in biomass. "Arable helped the producer understand the product's efficiency and make better decisions about when and how to use it," said Umaña.

Arable's data is proving useful in other ways as well. This past season, Meneses saw an unprecedented trend of temperatures dropping to as low as 12 C (around 54 F) during the critical pineapple growing months of October through December. Rather than be surprised by a dip in temperature, they were able to protect the beds from the effects of a cold snap, and didn't suffer any loss in quality from a normal year.



Chlorophyll curves for the two sugarcane fields, as shown on Arable Web's Graph page. The blue line indicates a 5.5% higher chlorophyll content 5 weeks after an application of dolomite lime.



Meneses is on the lookout for these trends to persist in coming seasons, and if they do, he will be able to analyze the crop health data to see how the new patterns change disease risk in what is known as a hot and humid climate.

In addition, to comply with government regulations, they keep detailed records about the amount of crop protection spray their customers use per hectare each season, and how much it costs. Meneses estimates that Arable's data is reducing their spray amounts by about 10-15% in bananas.

The Outcome

With this proof of concept, Meneses reached out to Arable to brainstorm how he could customize the dataset for his growers' unique circumstances, and take Costa Rican agriculture to the next level. "In this region, I see more people starting to assess soil water needs and salinity, which is something they haven't been able to do so easily before Arable," he says.

While Meneses has ideas about what analytics he wants to see, AGInnovaTech isn't in the app business. Using Arable data combined with their own crop models and regional expertise, he plans to co-develop custom analytics dashboards, hosted on the Arable platform exclusively for their customers' use, with data from their fields. Arable's durable hardware and reliable data delivery means they can maintain that personalized approach even as they expand deployments to the other countries they serve in the region, including Panama, Guatemala, Puerto Rico, and Honduras.



